THE LARS SY OF CONCERNS SERIAL SPECIED

79TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

MAR 3 1 1945

GOVT. SOURCE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H. R. 2781

Млясн 26, 1945

Mr. MARCANTONIO introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Insular Affairs

A BILL

To provide for the withdrawal of the sovereignty of the United States over the island of Puerto Rico and for the recognition of its independence; to provide for the notification thereof to foreign governments; to provide for the assumption by the government of Puerto Rico of obligations under the treaty with Spain on December 10, 1898; to define trade and other relations between the United States and Puerto Rico; to provide for the calling of a convention to frame a constitution for the government of the island of Puerto Rico; to provide for certain mandatory provisions of the proposed constitution; to provide for the submission of the constitution to the people of Puerto Rico and its submission to the President of the United States for his approval; to provide for the adjustment of property rights between the United States and Puerto Rico; to provide for the maintenance of military, coaling, and naval stations by the United States

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on the island of Puerto Rico until the termination of the war between the United States and Germany and Japan; to continue in force certain statutes until independence has been acknowledged; and for other purposes.

- Whereas, as a result of the treaty ending the Spanish-American War, the island of Puerto Rico, the island of Cuba, and the Philippine Islands came within the jurisdiction of the United States and under the authority of Congress; and
- Whereas, in assuming this responsibility, three duties devolved upon Congress: (1) To establish civil government, (2) to promote the welfare of the inhabitants, and (3) to take final action at the proper time as to the definite and permanent political status of these islands and their peoples; and
- Whereas those three dutics have been discharged with regard to the island of Cuba and are in process of final fulfillment with respect to the Philippine Islands; and
- Whereas, in the discharge of the first of these duties with respect to Puerto Rico, Congress in 1900 and in 1917 established and developed forms of civil government by delegating certain powers to the people of Puerto Ric,; and
- Whereas, in the discharge of the second of these duties with respect to Puerto Rico, Congress has from time to time passed laws and made appropriations from public funds to promote the general welfare of the people of Puerto Rico; and
- Whereas, in spite of this discharge of its first two duties by Congress with respect to Puerto Rico, the people of Puerto Rico still lack the right of complete self-government, as well as the full power to regulate their economic and social life in accordance with their own wishes and on the basis of a

republican form of government of their own creation and choosing; and

- Whereas the people of Puerto Rico are entitled to full and complete independence both as a matter of principle and broad American policy; and
- Whereas the production in the island of Puerto Rico under the prevailing system is not sufficient even to meet the present low standards of living, it being necessary for the United States to provide tax privileges and Federal appropriations which are a burden upon millions of continental citizens not receiving the benefits of our relations with Puerto Rico; and
- Whereas the maintenance of Puerto Rico within the economic unit of the United States enjoins the island from promoting the development of production in order to attain adequate standards of living; and
- Whereas, notwithstanding the appropriations made by Congress to promote the welfare of the island, the economic conditions in Puerto Rico are such that the people of the United States and the Federal Treasury are increasingly subjected to financial strain to alleviate the economic distress in Puerto Rico, a situation which is unjust to the people of Puerto Rico and to the people of the United States; and
- Whereas the time is now proper and opportune for Congress to discharge its third duty with respect to Puerto Rico, as it has already discharged it with respect to other territory that came under the jurisdiction of the United States as a result of the Treaty of Paris; that is, to determine the final and permanent political status of the island and its people in a manner that shall be mutually satisfactory and beneficial to the people of Puerto Rico and to the United States; and

- Whereas Congress has full authority under the Constitution and the laws to make such determination, with Presidential approval; and
- Whereas in honoring the principle of democracy upon which the people of the United States have reared their whole national existence, it is deemed fair that the people of Puerto Rico shall have a voice and vote in determining under what conditions their whole future life is to be established: Therefore
- Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-1 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, 2 3 That it is hereby declared to be the policy of Congress to acknowledge the right of the people of Puerto Rico to their <u>4</u> 5independence and to grant themselves their own constitu-6 tion. It is furthermore declared to be the policy of Congress 7 to maintain with the people of Puerto Rico, after inde-8 pendence, a mutually fair and beneficial commercial rela-9 tionship, evolved through the instrumentalities provided for 10 in this Act.

11 CONVENTION TO FRAME CONSTITUTION FOR PUERTO RICO 12SEC. 2. The Legislature of Puerto Rico is hereby au-13thorized to provide for the election of delegates to a constitutional convention, which shall meet in the capital of 14 Puerto Rico at such time as the Legislature of Puerto Rico 15 may fix within one year after the enactment of this Act, 16 to formulate and draft a constitution for the government of 17 the Republic of Puerto Rico, subject to the conditions and 18

qualifications in this Act, which shall exercise jurisdiction 1 over all the territory in the West Indies ceded to the United $\mathbf{2}$ States by articles II of the Treaty of Peace concluded be-3 tween the United States and Spain on the 10th day of 4 December of the year 1898. The laws relating to qualifica-5 tions of voters and the safeguarding of elections which 6 governed the election of November 7, 1944, in Puerto 7 Rico shall apply to this election, with such modifications 8 9 and additions as may be provided by law, in order to carry 10 out the purpose of securing a true expression of the will 11 of the people of Puerto Rico.

12 CHARACTER OF CONSTITUTION-MANDATORY PROVISIONS 13 SEC. 3. The constitution formulated and drafted shall 14 provide for a government, republican in form, shall contain 15 a bill of rights, including freedom of religious worship, freedom of speech, freedom of the press, freedom of assembly, 16 the right to petition, freedom from unreasonable searches and 17 seizures, and shall furthermore continue and guarantee all 18 the rights, privileges, and immunities at present enjoyed by 1920the people of Puerto Rico under the Constitution of the 21 United States, and shall expressly guarantee all persons 22and corporations against any expropriation of property with-23out due process of law, and provide for reasonable, prompt 24equitable, and effective compensation for any property taken 25for public use.

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1 SUBMISSION OF THE CONSTITUTION TO THE PRESIDENT OF

THE UNITED STATES

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3 SEC. 4. Upon the drafting and approval of the consti-4 tution by the constitutional convention in Puerto Rico, the constitution shall be submitted within two years after the $\mathbf{5}$ 6 enactment of this Act to the President of the United States. 7 who shall determine whether or not it conforms with the pro-8 visions of this Act. If the President fads that the proposed 9 constitution conforms substantially with the provisions of this 10 Act, he shall so certify to the Governor of Puerto Rico. 11 who shall so advise the constitutional convention. If the 12President finds that the constitution does not conform with 13 the provisions of this Act, he shall so advise the Governor of Puerto Rico stating where in his judgment the consti-14 tution does not so conform and submitting provisions which 15 16 will in his judgment make the constitution so conform. The 17 Governor of Puerto Rico shall in turn submit such message 18 to the constitutional convention for further action by them 19 pursuant to the same procedure hereinbefore defined, until 20 the President and the constitutional convention are in agree-21 ment.

22 SUBMISSION OF THE CONSTITUTION TO THE PEOPLE OF 23 PUERTO RICO

SEC. 5. After the President of the United States has
certified that the constitution conforms with the provisions of

this Act, it shall be submitted to the people of Puerto Rico 1 for their ratification or rejection at an election to be held $\mathbf{2}$ 3 within four months after the date of such certification, on a date to be fixed by the Legislature of Puerto Rico, at which 4 $\mathbf{5}$ election the qualified voters of Puerto Rico shall have an 6 opportunity to vote directly for or against the proposed con-7 stitution. Such election shall be held in such manner as may 8 be prescribed by the Legislature of Puerto Rico to which the 9 return of the election shall be made. The laws relating to 10 qualifications of voters and the safeguarding of voters and the 11 safeguarding of elections which governed the election in 12Puerto Rico of November 7, 1944, shall apply to this elec-13 tion. The Legislature of Puerto Rico shall by law provide for the canvassing of the returns and shall certify the result 14 15 to the Governor of Puerto Rico, together with a statement of the votes cast, and a copy of said constitution. If a ma-16jority of the votes cast shall be for the constitution, the 17 Governor shall, within thirty days after receipt of the certi-1819fication from the Puerto Rico Legislature, issue a proclama-20tion for the election of officers of the government of the Re- $\mathbf{21}$ public of Puerto Rico provided for in the constitution. The 22election shall take place not earlier than three months por 23later than six months after the proclamation by the Governor $\mathbf{24}$ ordering such election, and the qualifications for voting and $\mathbf{25}$ the safeguards for such election shall be as provided in such

constitution. When the election of the officers provided for 1 under the constitution has been held and the results deter- $\mathbf{2}$ mined, the Governor of Puerto Rico shall certify the results 3 of the election to the President of the United States, who 4 5 shall thereupon issue a proclamation announcing the results of 6 the election, and upon the issuance of such proclamation by 7 the President the existing government of Puerto Rico shall 8 terminate and the new government shall enter upon its rights, 9 privileges, powers, and duties, as provided under the con-10 stitution. The present government of Puerto Rico shall pro-11 vide for the orderly transfer of the functions of government. 12If a majority of the votes cast are against the constitu-13 tion, then the constitutional convention shall frame a new constitution, which shall be transmitted to the President 14 within six months after certification of the result of the 15 election, and the procedure provided in section 4 and in this 16 section shall be followed until a constitution framed in ac-17 cordance with the provisions of this Act receives the favor-18 19 able vote of a majority of the votes cast at an election held as herein provided. In the event of the rejection of such a 20newly framed constitution by the duly qualified votes of Puerto 21 Rico, then the constitutional convention shall be considered 2223 permanently dissolved and a new election of delegates to a constitutional convention shall be held within one year from $\mathbf{24}$ 25the date of such rejection and a new constitution shall be

submitted for the approval of the people of Puerto Rico,
 following the procedure herein provided.

3 TRANSFER OF PROPERTY RIGHTS TO THE REPUPLIC OF 4 PUERTO RICO

5 SEC. 6. All the property and rights which may have been acquired in the island of Puerto Rico by the United 6 States under the treaty mentioned in the second section 7 of this Act are hereby transferred to the Republic of Puerto 8 Rico: Provided, however, That this shall not deprive the 9 10 United States from establishing and maintaining military 11 and naval or air bases until the termination of the present 12war with Germany and Japan, such clause to be contained 13 in the treaty to be signed between the Republic of Puerto Rico and the United States. Any further arrangements for 14 15 necessary naval, military, and air bases shall be made by treaty agreements. 16

17 ECONOMIC RELATIONS AFTER THE INDEPENDENCE OF 18 PUERTO RICO

19 SEC. 7. As soon as the constitutional convention meets
20 to draft the constitution, it shall designate a committee spec21 ially charged with the duty of negotiating a commercial
22 treaty between Puerto Rico and the United States. The
23 committee thus designated shall carry out the negotiations
24 with the Department of State, which shall follow such proH. R. 2781-2

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cedure as the Secretary of State shall provide with the
 approval of the President. Treaty relations shall be drafted
 according to the following provisions:

(a) All goods now imported into the United States 4 5 from Puerto Rico, or which may in the future be imported in accordance with treaty regulations, shall be admitted 6 7 free of all duties into the United States market up to the same amount in dollars as articles imported in Puerto Rico from 8 9.. the United States shall be admitted free of all duties. The 10 necessary rules shall be established in the treaty for the 11 effective enforcement of the foregoing provision, whereby, 12and supplementing other rules that may govern the com-13 mercial interexchange between both countries, the mutual debits and credits resulting from other considerations shall 14 be settled and any balance which may result in any year, 15 16shall be carried over to the next year for the settlement of the 17 accounts thereof, so that the exchange of values be maintained upon a basis of strict mutuality. Values of imports 18 19 and exports shall be computed at prices prevailing in the 20domestic market of the United States.

(b) The treaty shall be drafted in such terms that in the
economic relations between the United States and Puerto
Rico, the volume of commerce now carried on, measured in
dollars, shall not be reduced by the exclusive will of one of
the parties. Euch volume of trade, measured in dollars,

shall be established in the treaty, and computed on the 1 $\mathbf{2}$ basis of a period of representative years of normal relations, 3 agreed upon by both contracting parties. However, this rule shall not prevent any one of the two countries, if it be 4 5 possible to dbtain in the other country any goods different 6 from those specified in the treaty, from eliminating one or 7 more items from the list of goods approved in the treaty if 8 the amount in dollars be substituted with other items: Pro-9 vided, however, That items figuring in the treaty under the 10 designation of "Fixed imports" will not be subject of elimi-11 nation or change unless by mutual agreement of the parties. $\mathbf{12}$ Any other item or items of importation not figuring in said 13 list of fixed imports may be eliminated at will by either 14 importing party if provision is made by the importing party 15 to the end that the corresponding amount in dollars is sub-16 stituted by other item or items figuring in the export trade 17 of the other party: And provided further, That when a fall 18 in the prices of the goods figuring in the export list of either 19 party takes place in the market of the other importing party, 20the exporting party may decrease the mutuality basis by 21 decreasing the importation of goods from the other party in $\mathbf{22}$ an amount equivalent to the decrease in the selling prices of 23the goods of the exporting party, due to such fall in prices.

(c) Any subsidy or benefit payment which is at present
provided by any one of the two governments, for the benefit

of producers of any item of commerce between the two countries, whether such subsidy or benefit payment be to promote agricultural or industrial processes, shall be counted as a part of the selling price of the article and shall be paid by the government which makes the concession through the government of the country the producers of which are entitled thereto.

(d) All rights and benefits acknowledged to Puerto 8 9 Rican eitizens under the laws of the United States by virtue 10of their status as veterans of war and by virtue of their 11 status as retired employees of the Federal Government, and 12all rights and benefits acknowledged under the laws of Con-13 gress to families or relatives of Puerto Rican veterans of 14 war and of Puerto Rican retired employees of the Federal 15 Government, shall be entirely maintained and respected by 16 the Government of the United States. Said rights and 17 benefits are considered "vested rights" and deemed as additional compensation due for services rendered to the Gov-18 19 ernment of the United States of America. The payments 20which are to be made by the Government of the United 21 States for said consideration, either directly or indirectly, 22shall be made through the government of the Republic of 23Puerto Rico up to the complete settlement according to the 24aforesaid laws and are not be be counted in relation with the 25provisions of paragraph (a) of this section. The same responsibility shall be assumed toward the Treasury of the
 United States by the government of the Republic of Puerto
 Rico, in order to give adequate protection and enforcement
 to the rights and benefits which have been acknowledged to
 continental citizens of the United States by similar laws of
 the Legislature of Puerto Rico, which are in force at the time
 of the approval of this Act.

8 (e) During the period of the effectiveness of the first 9 treaty, and during not less than ten years after the proclama-10 tion of independence, provisions (a) and (b) under this 11 section shall govern the commercial relations between both 12countries: Provided, That at any time after the expiration 13of such period, or extensions of such period agreed thereto 14 by both countries, the said provisions (a) and (b) of this 15Act unless modified by treaty agreement, shall continue in 16force, with the exception, that substitution of items of com-17 merce as provided in paragraph (b) shall not be binding 18 for either party, and elimination of items shall be governed 19 by the following rule: Items of commerce may be eliminated 20by any importing party from the exporting list of the other 21party totally in one year, or by equal parts among a number $\underline{22}$ of years, according to its importance in value as compared 23to the total amount of imports, thus-

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(1) if the item to be eliminated does not exceed

5 per centum of the total amount of imports, it can be
 eliminated totally in one year;

3 (2) if it exceeds 5 per centum and does not exceed
4 15 per centum, it can be eliminated in three years;

(3) if it exceeds 15 per centum and does not exceed 30 per centum, it can be eliminated in six years;

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7 (4) if it exceeds 30 per centum and does not ex8 ceed 50 per centum, it can be eliminated in eight years;
9 and

10 (5) if it exceeds 50 per centum, it can be elimi-11 nated in ten years.

12 The reciprocal rights of both parties may be effectively exer-13 cised by either party pursuant to official notice served to the 14 other party at least one hundred and eighty days before the 15 first day of the business year when such elimination is to 16 take place.

SEC. 8. The treaty between the United States and 17Puerto Rico, once approved according to the foregoing 18 19 principles, both by the Department of State of the United States and by the Committee of the Constitutional Conven-2021tion of Peurto Rico as hereinbefore provided, shall be sub-22mitted for ratification to the Senate of the United States 23and to the constitutional convention of Puerto Rico as a whole, but it shall not become effective until the date at 24 25 which the President of the United States issues the proclamation announcing the results of the election of the officers
 provided for in the new constitution, as provided in section
 5 of this Act.

4 LIQUIDATION OF TAX PRIVILEGES AND ELIMINATION OF 5 FEDERAL APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 9. All tax privileges and concessions granted to 6 7 Puerto Rico under existing laws and all Federal appropriations regularly in force and applicable to Puerto Rico by ac-8 9 tion of Congress shall be liquidated or eliminated, as follows: 10 (a) All internal revenues now levied and collected or which shall be levied and collected by the Government of 11 12the United States on goods at present produced and which 13 shall continue to be produced in Puerto Rico and sold in 14 the United States market, which are now paid to the treasury of Puerto Rico, shall continue to be collected and paid in 15 full to the treasury of the Republic of Puerto Rico during 1617 five years after the proclamation of the Republic by the 18 President.

(b) After the termination of the period of five years referred to in paragraph (a), internal revenues levied and collected or which shall be levied and collected by the Government of the United States on goods produced in Puerto Rico and sold in the United States market shall be in part paid every year to the Treasury of the Republic of Puerto Rico, reducing from the total amount so collected

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one-fifteenth during the first year, two-fifteenths during the
 second year, and so on, so that at the end of a period of
 fifteen years all such internal revenues shall be fully re turned and totally deposited with the Treasury of the United
 States.

6 (c) All Federal appropriations provided by Congress 7 for services to be rendered in Puerto Rico, regularly pro-8 vided for by the United States (excluding appropriations for 9 military purposes), shall continue to be provided in a lump-10sum appropriation each year, and shall be paid and de-11 posited annually with the treasury of Puerto Rico, during 12a period of five years after the proclamation of the Republic 13of Puerto Rico by the President of the United States: Provided, That after the termination of the said period of five 14 years the total amount of the said appropriation shall be re-15 16 duced each year, the first year one-fifteenth, the second 17 two-fiftcenths, and so on, so that after a period of fifteen years 18 no more funds of the United States Government shall be ap-19 propriated, deposited, or paid to the Treasury of the Re-20public of Puerto Rico.

21 RECOGNITION OF INDEPENDENCE OF PUERTO RICO AND

WITHDRAWAL OF AMERICAN SOVEREIGNTY

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23 SEC. 10. On the date fixed by the new constitution of
24 Puerto Rico, which shall not be later than three months after
25 the proclamation issued by the President of the United

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States announcing the results of the election of officers for 1 $\mathbf{2}$ the first government of the republic of Puerto Rico, there 3 shall be held the inauguration of the new government of 4 Puerto Rico under the constitution provided for in this Act. $\mathbf{5}$ On such date, the President of the United States shall by proc-· 6 lamation withdraw and surrender all rights of possession, supervision, jurisdiction, control, and sovereignty then exist-7 8 ing and exercised by the United States in and over the terri-9 tory and people of Puerto Rico, excepting all military, naval, 10 and other reservations of the Government of the United 11 States in Puerto Rico as hereinbefore provided; and, on 12behalf of the United States, shall recognize the independence 13of Puerto Rico as a separate and self-governing nation and 14 acknowledge the authority and control over Puerto Rico 15of the government instituted by the people of Puerto Rico 16 under the constitution then in force.

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NOTIFICATION TO FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS

SEC. 11. Upon the proclamation and recognition of the independence of Puerto Rico, the President shall notify the governments with which the United States is in diplomatic correspondence thereof and invite said governments to recognize the independence of Puerto Rico.

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CITIZENSIIIP

SEC. 12. All Puerto Ricans with domicile in the island
of Puerto Rico, as herein defined, who were granted and

acquired American citizenship pursuant to the provisions of 1 $\mathbf{2}$ the Organic Act of Puerto Rico approved March 2, 1917, 3 and their descendants with domicile in the island of Puerto 4 Rico, as herein defined, on the date of the proclamation of the republic by the President of the United States, shall 5 become citizens of the republic of Puerto Rico. Puerto Ricans 6 7 who acquired American citizenship by virtue of said Act, as 8 well as their descendants, domiciled in the United States or 9 elsewhere outside the territorial jurisdiction of Puerto Rico 10 on the date of the proclamation of the republic by the Presi-11 dent, may acquire Puerto Rican citizenship by filing a decla-12 ration of intention to do so at any moment after six months 13 from such date, with any Federal court, ambassador, or con-14 sular officer of the United States: Provided, That such Puerto 15 Ricans shall retain American citizenship until such declara-16 tion of intention be filed. Likewise all American citizens 17 native-born or naturalized in the mainland territory of the 18 United States and their descendants, domiciled in Puerto 19 Rico at the date of the proclamation of the republic by the President, may after six months from such date become citi-2021 zens of the republic of Puerto Rico pursuant to the filing of 22declaration of intention to do so with the corresponding Dis-23trict Court of Puerto Rico.

All Puerto Ricans in the armed forces of the United
States shall be turned back to Puerto Rico to the place of

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1 induction by the United States Government, upon the termination of the present war with Germany and Japan, and $\mathbf{2}$ 3 once discharged from duty shall be granted all privileges and 4 shall assume all duties as citizens of the republic of Puerto Rico without any formal requirement therefor: Provided, 5 That this paragraph is not applicable to Puerto Ricans in-6 7 ducted in the armed forces of the United States from anywhere outside the territorial limits of Puerto Rico. 8

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PROCESSING TAXES

10 SEC. 13. The United States will pay to the government 11 of the republic of Puerto Rico the aggregate sum of all 12 processing taxes collected in Puerto Rico by virtue of the 13 Act of May 9, 1934 (48 Stat. 670), which have not been 14 refunded to processors or expended or obligated for expendi-15 tures in Puerto Rico for the benefit of agriculture prior to the 16 proclamation of independence.

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ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE TO PUERTO RICO

18 SEC. 14. Within sixty days after the passage of this 19 Act the President shall appoint a commission of five experts 20who shall make a thorough survey of the economic condi-21 tions on the island of Puerto Rico, and who shall within 22six months after the date of their appointment render a 23written report to the President embodying the results of 24 their investigation and study. The report of the commission 25shall contain recommendations as to the form of assistance

which the Government of the United States may render to 1 $\mathbf{2}$ the people of Puerto Rico to enable them to attain a greater degree of economic and social well-being. Within six months 3 4 after the rendering of such report the President shall, if he $\mathbf{5}$ deems it advisable, recommend to the Congress c^f the United 6 States specific recommendations for assisting the republic of 7 Puerto Rico, after its inauguration, in improving the condition 8 of the people of Puerto Rico.

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IMMIGRATION AFTER INDEPENDENCE

SEC. 15. Upon the final and complete withdrawal of
American sovereignty over Puerto Rico the immigration laws
of the United States shall apply to persons who were born
in Puerto Rico to the same extent as in the case of other
countries in the Western Hemisphere.

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CERTAIN STATUTES CONTINUED IN FORCE

16 SEC. 16. Except as in this Act otherwise provided, the 17 laws now in force in Puerto Rico shall continue in force in 18 the republic of Puerto Rico until altered, amended, or re-19 pealed, and all references in such laws to Puerto Rico shall be 20 construed to mean the government of the republic of Puerto 21Rico. The government of the republic of Puerto Rico shall 22be deemed successor to the present government of Puerto 23Rico and of all the rights and obligations thereof. Except as $\mathbf{24}$ otherwise provided in this Act, all laws or parts of laws re-25lating to the present government of Puerto Rico and its ad-

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ministration are hereby repealed as of the date of the inaugu ration of the government of the republic of Puerto Rico.

SEC. 17. If any provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional or the applicability thereof to any person or
circumstances is held invalid, the validity of the remainder
of the Act and the applicability of such provisions to other
persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

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PROVISIONS OF CERTAIN EXPENSES

9 SEC. 18. All necessary expenses of the elections, the 10 constitutional conventions, and the commissioners designated 11 by the convention in the negotiation of the proposed com-12mercial agreement under this Act shall be provided by the 13Legislature of Puerto Rico. The sum of \$10,000 is hereby 14 authorized to defray all necessary expenses of the commis-15sioners designated by the President of the United States in 16the negotiation of the proposed commercial agreement under this Act. 17

There is hereby authorized the sum of \$25,000 to defray all necessary expenses of the economic commission of five, none of whom shall, however, receive any salary, but whose expenses in attending to their duties shall be paid out of such sum. The commission may engage the service of experts, research workers, counsel, stenographic, and other help required to carry out its duties.

EFFECTIVE DATE

SEC. 19. The foregoing provisions of this Act shall not $\mathbf{2}$ take effect until accepted by concurrent resolutions of the 3 Legislature of Puerto Rico or by a convention called for 4 the purpose of passing upon that question as may be provided $\mathbf{5}$ by the Legislature of Puerto Rico. The Legislature of Puerto 6 Rico may also provide any other form of democratic pro-7 cedure to consult the voters of Puerto Rico as to the accept-8 9 ance of this enabling Act. The President, through the 10 Governor of Puerto Rico, shall submit this Act to the Legis-11 lature of Puerto Rico for action thereon. In case the legislature is not in session, the Governor shall call a special 12 session thereof to take the corresponding action concerning 13 this Act. 14

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19TH CONGRESS H. R. 2781

A BILL

To provide for the withdrawal of the sovereignty of the United sumption by the government of Puerto Rico of obligations States over the island of Puerto Rico and for the recogniand naval stations by the United States on the island of Rico; to provide for the maintenance of military, coaling, Rico and its submission to the President of the United States for his approval; to provide for the adjustment of the submission of the constitution to the people of Puerto provisions of the proposed constitution; to provide for island of Puerto Rico; to provide for certain mandatory tion to frame a constitution for the government of the and Puerto Rico; to provide for the calling of a convendefine trade and other relations between the United States under the treaty with Spain on December 10, 1898; to thereof to foreign governments; to provide for the astion of its independence; to provide for the notification force certain statutes until independence has been ac-United States and Germany and Japan; to continue in property rights between the United States and Puerto knowledged; and for other purposes. Puerto Rico until the termination of the war between the

By Mr. MARCANTONIO MARCH 26, 1945

Referred to the Committee on Insular Affairs